

"Their happy lot cast in a fruitful ground"

PENNSYLVANIA: Three Poems, 1700s

Pennsylvania was the fastest growing colony of the 1700s — and the most expansively diverse, commercially successful, perhaps governed, and, as often lauded by its poets, the most confident of its future. "The generation of young poets that emerged during the 1720s and 1730s presumed this success," writes literary scholar David Shields, "concerning themselves with discovering those qualities of mind and character capable of projecting the 'great' Pennsylvania that came to be."

Presented here are three poems, two by accomplished poets Thomas Makin and George Webb, and a third by a young college student, Jacob Duché, writing in more troubled times during the French and Indian War of 1754-1763. Compare Duché's distress with Makin's and Webb's laudatory optimism.

Thomas Makin, "A Discription of Pennsylvania," 17281

This Province Pennsylvania takes its name From Wm. Penn, Proprietor of the same. A barbarous nation first the land did own, Who by degrees more civilized are grown. Who with the English are confederate, Careful to keep their trust inviolate. 'Twixt heat and cold the air is temperate; Warm Southern winds then cold does mitigate. The Northwest wind the rains & clouds does clear, Bringing fair weather & a wholesome air. Here we in safety live without annoy; Each one his right securely does enjoy. Whilst sad New England hence not very far Have greatly suffered by their Indian war. This is the place where many men have found Their happy lot cast in a fruitful ground. Here the well cultivated farmer's field A plent'ous crop does in due season yield.

National Humanities Center, 2009: nationalhumanitiescenter.org/pds. Some spelling and punctuation modernized by NHC for clarity. Complete image credits at nationalhumanitiescenter.org/pds/becomingamer/imagecredits.htm.

1 The Pennsylvania Magazine of History and Biography 37 (1913), pp. 371-374.

With fishes of all sorts the rivers are Replenished, and the woods with nimble Deer. The trees with loads of fruit do seem to groan, Wherewith the limbs are often broken down. Of singing birds here's one does far excel For various notes the European Philomel. Another smallest bird, of finest plumes, Still hovering sucks her food from flow'ry blooms; From whence, when once she takes her hasty flight, Swift as a fly she's soon gone out of sight. In Summer time, by night as well as day, The Sturgeons in the river leap and play, And leap so high, the[y] oft fall in a Boat By chance the sails with oars, or lies a float. Here's sundry useful metal lately found, And Marble too by Miners in the ground. Here odoriferous herbs and flowers grow Useful to those who do their virtues know. But the chief merchandise the country yields, Is the rich product of the well-tilled fields, All sorts of corn, whereof good flour and bread, And Malt for beer is plentifully made. Upon the country's well deserv'd report Many from foreign parts do here resort. English, Welsh, Irish, Germans many more For sake of this have left their native shore. By the laborious toil of many hands Great Deserts are become most fruitful lands. In winter time the land & water too Lie covered, this with ice, and that with snow. The Ship then lies without an anchor fast, Till warmer weather melt the ice at last. But though no Boat with oars stir from the shore, There's on the ice a frequent passing o're [over].

The winter here so long & sharp has been, That loaden carts drawn on the ice I've seen. On Delaware does Philadelphia stand,² And does her stately buildings far extend. The Streets laid out directly by a Line, And house to house contiguously does join. The Governor here keeps his residence, One grave in years and long experience. Four sacred houses in this city are, And one not distant from the city far. To this long known & well frequented port From sundry places many ships resort. In merchandising most men are here employ'd: All useful artists too are occupied. The frugal farmer, like the careful Ant, In Summer 'gainst cold Winter provident, His barn, well cover'd to keep out the rain Fills with good hay & diverse sorts of grain. Neglecting costly clothes & dainty food, His own unbought provisions sweet &d good. Weary with labor take his ease and rest: His homespun clothing pleasing him the best. O that such were my happy lot at last, Then all my trouble past would be forgot.

Honoured Friend [Israel Pemberton],

Having already sent thee a description of Pennsylvania writ in Latin verse, especially for the use of thy Son, now considering thyself may not understand the same, therefore now present thee with the same in English, for which, being in want, I humbly pray some small reward, for which I shall be thy thankful friend.

5th month 10th 1728 Tho: Makin



² Delaware River.

George Webb, "A Memorial to William Penn," 1730³

Published as stanza headers for the monthly almanac pages in *The Genuine Leeds Almanack for the Year of Christian Account 1730*, Philadelphia, publ. 1729.

Spelling and punctuation modernized.

Goddess of Numbers, who art wont to rove O'er the gay Landscape, or the smiling Grove; Who taught me first to sing in humble Strains, Of murm'ring Fountains, and of flowery Plains; Assist me now; while I in Verse repeat The heavenly Beauties of thy Fav'rite Seat.

Teach me, O Goddess, in harmonious Lays,
To sing thy much b-lov'd Pennsylvania's Praise;
Thy Philadelphia's Beauties to indict,
In Verse as tuneful as her Sons can write:
Such as from B——l's Pen are wont to flow,
Or more judicious T——r's us'd to show.

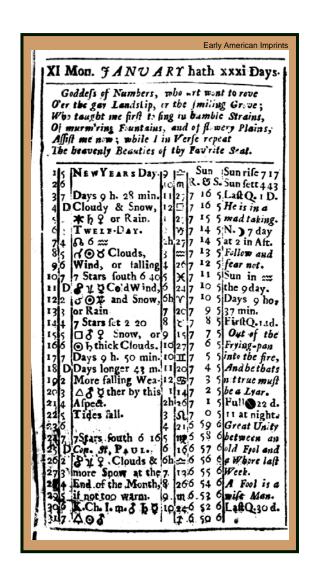
Stretch'd on the Bank of Delaware's rapid Stream Stands Philadelphia, not unknown to Fame: Here the tall Vessels safe at Anchor ride, And Europe's Wealth flows in with every Tide: Thro' each wide Ope the distant Prospect's clear; The well-built Streets are regularly fair:

The Plan by thee contriv'd, O Penn, the Scheme, A Work immortal as the Founder's Name.

'Tis here Apollo does erect his Throne,
This his Parnassus, this his Helicon:
Here solid Sense does every Bosom warm,
Here Noise and Nonsense have forgot to charm.

Thy Seers how cautious! and how gravely wise! They hopeful Youth in Emulation rise:
Who (if the wishing Muse inspir'd does sing)
Shall Liberal Arts to such Perfection bring,
Europe shall mourn her ancient Fame declin'd,
And Philadelphia be the Athens of Mankind.

Thy lovely Daughters unaffected shine, In each Perfection, every Grace divine: Beauty triumphant sits in every Eye,



³ Accessed through Early American Imprints online, American Antiquarian Society; permission pending.

And Wit shines forth, but check'd with Modesty; Decently Grave, which shows a sober Sense, And Cheerful too, a Sign of Innocence.

But what. O Pennsylvania does declare
Thy Bliss, speaks thee profusely happy; here
Sweet Liberty her gentle Influence sheds,
And Peace her downy Wings about us spreads:
While War and Desolation widely reigns,
And Captive Nations groan beneath their Chains.

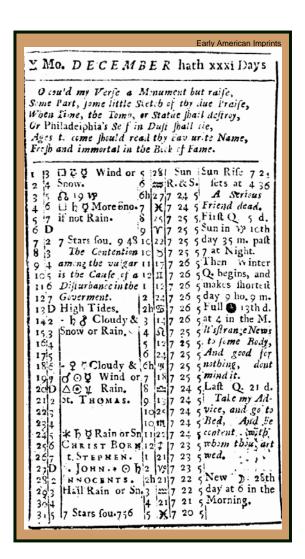
While half the World implicitly obey, Some lawless Tyrant's most imperious Sway No fore[]tning Trumpet warns us from afar Of hastening Miseries or approaching War; Fearless the Hind pursues his wonted Toil, And eats the Product of his grateful Soil.

No unjust Sentence we have Cause to fear
No arbitrary Monarch rules us here.
Our Lives, our Properties, and all that's ours,
Our happy Constitution here secures.
What Praise and Thanks, O Penn! Are due to thee!
For this first perfect Scheme of Liberty!

How shall the Muse thy just Applauses sing?
Or in what Strains due Acclamations bring?
Who can thy Charter read, but with Surprise
Must straight proclaim thee Generous, Just and Wise?
Thro' every Page, thro' every careful Line,
Now does the Friend, the Nursing Father shine!

What Toils, what Perils didst thou undergo, Thro' scorching Heats, thro' endless Tracks of Snow? How scorning Ease didst tempt the raging Floods? How hew thy Passage thro' untrodden Woods? Thine was the Danger, Thine was all the Toil; While We, ungrateful We, divide the Spoil.

O cou'd my Verse a Monument but raise, Some Part, some little Sketch of thy due Praise, When Time, the Tomb, or Statue shall destroy, Or Philadelphia's Self in Dust shall lie, Ages to come should read thy Favourite Name, Fresh and immortal in the Book of Fame.



Jacob Duché, "Pennsylvania: A Poem" By a STUDENT of the College of PHILADELPHIA, 1756, excerpts⁴

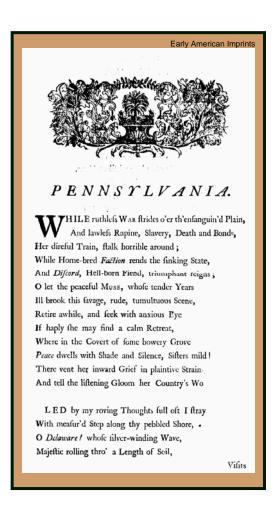
And lawless Rapine, Slavery, Death and Bonds, Her direful Train, stalk horrible around;
While Home-bred *Faction* rends the sinking State,
And *Discord*, Hell-born Fiend, triumphant reigns;
O let the peaceful MUSE, whose tender Years
Ill brook this savage, rude, tumultuous Scene,
Retire awhile, and seek with anxious Eye
If haply she may find a calm Retreat,
Where in the Covert of some bowery Grove

Peace dwells with Shade and Silence, Sisters mild!
There vent her inward Grief in plaintive Strain
And tell the listening Gloom her Country's Woe.

. .

ONE Evening mild, as at my wonted Hour I walk'd the Margin on my native Stream, Musing of *Good* and *Just*, the sacred Themes That thro' the Day, devolved from STREPHON's Tongue, Had charm'd my listening Ear —— I chanc'd to stray Where KENSINGTON her growing Honours spreads, And views her Features in the crystal Wave; Straight with a Flood of Glory compass'd round A form celestial struck my dazzled Sense; In her majestic Mien, her Looks divine, And graceful rich Attire, the Goddess shone; And PENNSYLVANIA's Genius stood confessed. But tho' surrounded with th' effulgent Blaze, Her down-cast Eye and Tresses discompos'd Some inward Discontent and Anguish spoke. Torn from her Brow the peaceful Olive lay All withered and neglected at her Feet. Her Right Hand grasp'd the dreaded Spear of MARS And on her Left MINERVA's Ægis hung. Pensive and sad she fix'd her Eyes on thee, Fair PHILADELPHIA! Offspring of her Toil; And thus, with many a mingled Heart-fetch'd Sigh, In Accent mild, she spoke, or seemed to speak:

AND is it thus my Cares are recompens'd? Is this the Issue of my anxious Toils?——
To see this fertile Soil, this sacred Spot,
My fair Inheritance, the calm Abode



⁴ Accessed through Early American Imprints online, American Antiquarian Society; permission pending.

⁵ The French and Indian War, 1754-1763.

⁶ Tensions between the Quakers, who were pacifists and politically dominant in the colony, and non-Quaker residents who urged the creation of a colonial militia to defend the western territory of Pennsylvania, where much of the French and Indian War was fought.

Of Peace and Virtue, Liberty and Law, Laid waste and ravag'd by a cruel Foe! To see my bleeding Sons, like blasted Plants, Falling beneath the Russian Murderer's Hand!—— And not one Arm uplifted to assert The pious Cause, avenge their guiltless Blood, And hurl Destruction on an impious Race! – Was it for this I left my native Soil, Thee, great BRITANNIA! Mistress of the Main! And sought these distant Shores then far remote From the sweet Influence of thy temper'd Rule To spread thy Sway and give this fruitful Land A fair Accession to thy wide Domain? Was it for this I planned the Scheme of State, A Constitution just impartial, free; And gave my Sons to know the ruling Art, To balance fair the Legislative Pow'rs, And teach the Free-born Subject Freedom's Laws? Was it for *this* I bade the teeming Earth Pour from its Bosom the luxuriant Crop, To crown with smiling Plenty, Wealth and Ease, The vig'rous Labours of my hardy Swains? Was it for this I bade each useful Art, Each Heav'n-born Science spread their Blessings round, And taught my rising Sons bright *Wisdom*'s Lore? For this I toiled with all a Mother's Care, And raised my Patriot-Deeds my Infant State? — To see at last the proud Usurper's Arm Outstretch'd, in Act to seize by brutal Force, And Rapine base my just and righteous Claim; Myself, despairing yet of brighter Days, Constrain'd to drink the bitter Cup of Woe! —— Great my Misfortunes now, as erst my Bliss! —

Was it for this I left my native Soil

Was it for this I planned the Scheme of State

Was it for *this* I bade the teeming Earth

Was it for this I bade each useful Art

For this I toiled with all a Mother's Care

AND shall my Sons, a numerous Race robust, With ill-tim'd, base Forbearance tamely brook This savage Treatment from a treacherous Foe? —— And have you then forgot your high Descent, The peerless Fame of your illustrious Line Renown'd of old, from great BRITANNIA sprung?— For sure I am, the Queen of Nations bore Me, your presiding Genius, and uprear'd Her PENNSYLVANIA with a Mother's Care: Fair as the fairest of her beauteous Race, And bless'd with equal Honour, Wealth and Strength. And will you then my Sons, my much-loved Race! For whom I toiled so many a rolling Year, At last degenerate from your pristine Worth, And level all a Mother's towering Hopes? Why is the ruthless Sword of Vengeance sheath'd?

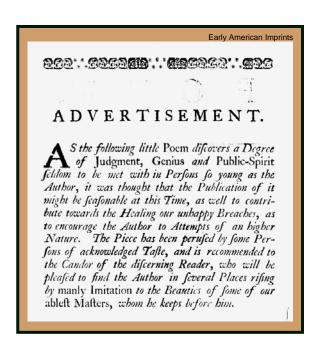
Why careless sleeps the *British* Lion bold, Nor threats Destruction with his lifted Paw? Ah say, what means this Lethargy supine, Whose baleful Influence lulls th' inactive Land? — Is there no daring, martial Spirit here? No dauntless Breast to rouse my slumbering Sons, And guide their Strength combin'd against the Foe? – O for some bold intrepid Son of MARS. A God-like MARLBOROUGH, or a brave EUGENE! To train my docile Race to Arms and War, And lead them forth to Deeds of martial Fame. Then should I see the haughty Gallic Troops, With their confederate Indians black and fierce All routed fly before my conquering Sword. Then should I see well-pleas'd the British Flag Triumphant rear'd on fair OHIO's Banks, And proud DU QUESNE laid level with the Dust.

. .

YET ere I close —— one racking Thought disturbs My anxious Bosom, and alarms me more Than all the Terrors of a foreign War. Still shall the Gallic Tyrant uncontrol'd Spread wide his Conquests thro' my fair Domain, And still persist in Violation base Of perfect Rights, and Treaties sacred held; While restless Party-Rage divides your Strength, And Feuds intestine rend your infant State. Where shall I find some generous healing Hand Of dexterous Skill, and honest, friendly Views, By calm, impartial Reason, and the Tongue Of soft Persuasion, to close up the Breach That Discord makes between my jarring Sons? What means, ah say, what means this Frenzy dire That spreads and burns in every rankled Breast? Rouse, rouse, my Sons, nor weigh in equal Scale With Matters of high Import and Concern Those of inferior Worth; —— but *know* betimes, And dearly prize, th' unconquerable Force Of Arms united, and of Strength combin'd.

. . .

THUS spoke the ruling *Genius* of our Land, Then sudden vanish'd from my wond'ring Gaze. And now bright-issuing from her Eastern Dome, In Silver Car the peerless Queen of Night Triumphant rode thro' Heaven's illumin'd Vault. Homeward I sped, and bade the *Muse* record This awful Vision in her artless Strain.



FINIS.